been withheld but are within the possession of NDEP or NV Energy.

a. <u>NDEP's Arguments Against Subpoenas of Documents</u>

NDEP admits that the documents sought are public records to which Sierra Club has a right of access (NDEP Opp at 1). NDEP also asserts that it has "consolidated *most* of the documents regarding the Reid Gardner permit renewal process in its Carson City office." *Id*. (emphasis added). Notably, NDEP fails to say where or whether it has consolidated the rest of its documents relevant to the renewal of NEV91022. Nevertheless, NDEP asserts that "[f]or the past few months NDEP and its counsel have informed Sierra Club that the documents are available for review."

This last assertion is patently false, as NDEP's counsel for its Oct. 14-filed opposition brief surely understands from reading his co-counsel's Sept. 21 letter to Sierra Club. That letter indicated that Sierra Club's Sept. 13 request for documents relevant to this appeal was being partly fulfilled by NDEP's Bureau of Corrective Actions. See attached Exhibit 1 to Resp to Opp. to the Motion. In it, Counsel Tanner committed to "get back to [Sierra Club] as soon as possible" as to five specific categories of additional data and document that Sierra Club had sought from NDEP's BWPC. These categories included (1) quarterly ground water monitoring reports, (2) information about leachate collected by mandated interstitial pond liner collection systems, (3) hydrogeologic site characterization and engineering design reports for the newly proposed wastewater ponds in the Mesa area, (4) existing pond documentation as to installation, hydraulic performance, performance of the leak collection system, and impacts on the Muddy River flood plain, and (5) The updated O&M Manual and Sampling and Analysis Plan required to be

¹ While the Oct. 14 filing and the Sept. 21 letter were both signed by the Attorney General, the Sept. 21 letter was written and co-signed by Deputy AG Carolyn Tanner, while the Oct. 14 filing was written and co-signed by Deputy AG William Frey.

submitted in September 2010. See Exh.	1 to the Motion:	Correspondence with	Parties Seeking
Documents and Data, at 3-4.			

Counsel Tanner also committed to advise Sierra Club "as soon as possible" as to "whether and where [additional documents sought by Sierra Club] exist within the public record," *Id.*, including many that were previously described in Sierra Club expert Elliott Lips's memo of Oct. 4. *See* Exhibit 2 to the Motion: Oct. 4 Memorandum from Elliot Lips.

To date, Counsel Tanner has neither made the requested documents available to Sierra Club nor advised Sierra Club as to their location or availability, except to have left an voicemail on Oct. 7 for Sierra Club counsel stating, in relevant part, that Sierra Club "had the opportunity to look at Water Pollution Control's documents a long time ago." See Exhibit 2 to Resp to Opp. to the Motion (verbatim transcript of voice mail from Dep AG Tanner). Sierra Club did, on three separate occasions, examine files of the BWPC, including as "long ago" as the end of June 2010. But while a number of relevant data documents were produced (and then, reproduced at Sierra Club's expense), many of the documents and data that Sierra Club has sought have (still) not been produced. Sierra Club lists these needed, relevant documents in Exh. 3 in Resp to Opp to Motion, SC Doc Requests Delineated. The requests were directed not only to Counsel Tanner, but also to (or copied to) Jeryl Gardner of the BWPC and to Shannon Harbour of the BCA.

In sum, NDEP's assertion that Sierra Club has had opportunity to review all of the documents comprising the record is inaccurate. NDEP has never produced a complete record, nor has it responded to Sierra Club's requests for documents that Sierra Club has shown should be part of the record -- either to deny the request as outside of the record, or to produce the documents.

b. NV Energy's Arguments Against Subpoenas of Documents

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NV Energy argues that the documents Sierra Club seeks were "not developed as part of this permit application process," but, instead, "pertain to documentation that relate to the ongoing groundwater investigation under the oversight of NDEP's [BCA]." NV Energy "Reply" to Sierra Club Motion at 3. Sierra Club disputes that all the documents it seeks pertain to that "ongoing investigation." Even if that assertion were true, it establishes nothing, since the content of a document can be relevant to two proceedings, even if it was "developed" for one. As was explained item by item in attached Exhibit 3, *Id.*, these documents clearly "pertain" to the question whether NDEP's grant of NEV91022 was lawful. As was indicated in Sierra Club's protectively-filed Opening Brief, Sierra Club believes that receipt of the full record – including the documents sought by Sierra Club that are being withheld by NDEP and NV Energy – is essential for it to ascertain whether NV Energy was in substantial compliance with key terms of its prior permit, or not in compliance and thus rendering invalid NDEP's grant of the new permit.

2 Vacatur and Continuance in the Proceedings, and

NDEP argues against granting Sierra Club any additional time to review the documents it seeks because "all documents that NDEP relied on in making its decision to issue the permit existed in NDEP's files prior to the permit's issuance." However, NDEP ignores a key question at issue in this appeal, namely whether the documents and data it considered, and its findings made after such consideration, were sufficient to ground its decision under the law.

First, the documents and data that Sierra Club has requested are relevant, as indicated above, to the questions (1) whether NV Energy was in substantial compliance with its prior permit terms, and (2) whether the terms of the presently-challenged permit are sufficiently protective of the environment in light of the relevant history and contemporaneous evidence of contamination. If the answer to either question is "no," then NDEP's grant of the permit is

invalid under the law. Second, if NDEP failed to adequately consider that record and draft permit terms in light of that record, then its decision to grant the permit was arbitrary or capricious, and so also unlawful under the law.²

NV Energy commits the same logical error when it advances the argument that because Sierra Club filed its notice of appeal over three months ago, it had "ample time to develop its appeal in this matter." NV Energy Opposition at 4. This argument assumes that the record to which Sierra Club has had access over that period was sufficient for such development. But, as Sierra Club has shown, exhaustively, in its earlier motion and above, that is simply not the case.

3. Preliminary Injunction to Suspend the Effectiveness of the Permit and Halt Construction of New Wastewater Ponds

Sierra Club seeks a temporary suspension of NEV91022, pending resolution of the Appeal, pursuant to NRS 233B.127, in light of threat to public health posed by construction of new wastewater ponds whose soundness of design has not been evaluated by NDEP nor by the public.

In opposition to the motion, NDEP here makes a valid, but ultimately irrelevant, point in asserting that relocation of wastewater ponds further from the Muddy River may be "more protective of the environment than the current location." *See also* NV Energy Opp. at 6. NDEP strays well beyond the evidence, however, in asserting that "the new construction will *ensure* that these ponds are zero-discharge."

² Finally, for purposes of the present argument, NDEP here, as above, fails to indicate which documents it regards as exhaustively comprising the administrative record, to the exclusion of all other data and documents concerning the record and performance of Reid Gardner facilities that may impact or impair waters of the state.

NDEP's first assertion may be correct, assuming that the hydrogeological site characteristics and design details of the newly proposed ponds are adequate to the task. But these are the very details that NDEP (and NV Energy) continues to withhold from Sierra Club. It is also possible, given inadequacies as to site and proposed construction, that the proposed ponds will leach contaminants to groundwater, or even result in catastrophic failure (massive pond breaching). The devil is in the details, and Sierra Club's request for these documents, and NDEP's response, reveal that either these details do not exist or that NDEP has not considered them. Moreover, the question is not whether the location of the new ponds will be, on balance, more protective of the environment than the existing ponds, but rather, whether the new permit ensures that the new ponds and other facilities at Reid Gardner will be *sufficiently* protective of the environment, as required by law.

As to NDEP's second assertion, Sierra Club flatly rejects that NDEP or NV Energy can *ensure* against any discharge. Again, absent the details regard construction, design, site characteristics, *inter alia*, NDEP is not able to approximate the risk even on a qualitative basis. As noted above, it does not appear that NDEP has reviewed these documents as they have not even been produced as part of the record.

As was discussed briefly in Sierra Club's motion, in the course of its work on this appeal, Sierra Club has discovered what appears to be egregious evidence of contemporaneous leaching from existing ponds. The evidence was in the form of visual observations, and supported by photos, from Oct. 4. Sierra Club earlier conveyed this information to NDEP, but has received from NDEP no confirmation that it is investigating NV Energy for the substantial violations of its present permit that the supplied-evidence seems to support. Accordingly, we provide, as Exh. 4 in Resp to Opp to Motion (Elliott Lips Memo re Discharge/Leachate) the same memorandum

from Sierra Club's expert in this matter that was earlier provided to NDEP, detailing potential leaching from existing ponds directly into the floodplain of the Muddy River.

Moreover, the sparse groundwater monitoring data to which the Sierra Club has been given access indicates that contamination of groundwater near the Muddy River has accelerated in recent years – after the double lining of all existing ponds.

In the absence of design and related details as to the proposed new wastewater ponds on the Mesa, Sierra Club and NDEP can only presume that the new ponds will be similarly designed – and will similarly leach contaminants to the environment, and eventually to downgradient reaches of the Muddy River. Because the only relevant time to prevent such contamination is prior to the disposal of wastewater in the ponds, it is incumbent on NDEP to act to halt construction of the new ponds before they are completed and filled. In light of NDEP's apparent failure to act, we have urged the Commission to do so – at least during the pending of the present Appeal.

Continued construction of the ponds, when such construction may ultimately be enjoined, allows NV Energy to invest additional resources into a project that may be unlawful. As such, at the very least, we request that the Commission not entertain any arguments by NV Energy that its expenditure of resources thus far is a reason to continue with the project. NV Energy has been on notice that the permit is being appealed since early July and its decision to move forward with construction nevertheless evidences a disregard for the possibility that the Commission may order NV Energy to substantially alter or halt its construction.

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2	4. In Sum
3	For the above reasons, Sierra Club urges the Commission to reject the arguments
4	advanced by NDEP and NV Energy in opposition to Sierra Club's motion, as not persuasive, and
5	further urges the Commission to grant the Sierra Club's motion in its entirety.
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10	RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Daniel Galpern, Staff Attorney Oregon Bar No. 06195 Western Environmental Law Center 1216 Lincoln Ave. Eugene, OR 97403 (541) 359-3243 galpern@westernlaw.org
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23	
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1 2	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
3 4 5 6 7	The undersigned, Daniel Galpern, does hereby certify that on the 19th day of October, 2010, a true and correct copy of the foregoing MOTION TO ISSUE SUBPOENAS, VACATE HEARING AND SCHEDULING ORDER, AND SUSPEND PERMIT AND ISSUE INJUCTION, was emailed, and mailed, postage prepaid, to the following:		
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	John B Walker, State of Nevada State Environmental Commission 901 South Stewart Street, Suite 4001 Carson City, Nevada 89701-5249 jbwalker@ndep.nv.gov		
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Carolyn E. Tanner, Deputy Attorney General Office of Attorney General 100 North Carson Street Carson City, NV 89701 ctanner@ag.nv.gov Attorney for Respondent NDEP		
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Thomas C. Woodworth, Assistant General Counsel NV Energy, Inc. 6226 West Sahara Ave, MS 03A Las Vegas, NV 89146 TWoodworth@nvenergy.com Attorney for Intervenor NV Energy		
31			
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	Daniel Galpern, Staff Attorney Oregon Bar No. 06195 Western Environmental Law Center 1216 Lincoln Ave. Eugene, OR 97403 (541) 359-3243 galpern@westernlaw.org		