

**Proposed Revisions to the  
Nevada Water Quality Regulations  
NAC 445A.1256 to NAC 445A.2214**

# **STATEWIDE FECAL COLIFORM**

# Introduction

- ① The Clean Water Act requires States to routinely review and update surface water quality
- ① Proposing a statewide revision to the fecal coliform water quality regulations for most of Nevada's waterbodies.

# Background

- Water quality criteria for bacteria are concentrations of indicator organisms which are predictors of whether harmful pathogens are present in the water body
- 1986 EPA guidance recommended *E. coli* (*Escherichia coli*) be used to predict harmful pathogens for water contact recreation

# Background continued

- In 2002, NDEP completed a statewide revision to the standards to include a *E. coli* criteria in the water quality standards for water contact recreation
- NDEP retained both fecal coliform and *E. coli* for a limited time to ensure consistency and continuity in the state's water quality programs

# Proposed revision

- Revise the current fecal coliform standard on most of Nevada's waters containing the *E. coli* water quality standard
- On the waters we are changing, the existing standard consists of four different criteria's expressed eight different ways

# Existing fecal coliform criteria

Parameter	Existing Criteria	Footnote
Fecal Coliform -No./100 ml	≤ 200/400	Must not exceed a geometric mean of 200 per 100 milliliters based on a minimum of 5 samples during any 30-day period, nor may more than 10 percent of total samples during any 30-day period exceed 400 per 100 milliliters.
Fecal Coliform -No./100 ml	≤ 200/400	Based on the minimum of not less than 5 samples taken over a 30-day period, the fecal coliform bacterial level may not exceed a geometric mean of 200 per 100 milliliters, nor may more than 10 percent of the total samples taken during any 30-day period exceed 400 per 100 milliliters.
Fecal Coliform -No./100 ml	blank	The more stringent of the following apply: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The fecal coliform concentration must not exceed a geometric mean of 1,000 per 100 milliliters, nor may more than 20 percent of total samples exceed 2,400 per 100 milliliters.</li> <li>2. The fecal coliform concentration must not exceed the 95th percentile of the annual geometric mean or the 95th percentile of n, where n equals a certain number of single value samples as determined by the Division.</li> </ol>
Fecal Coliform -No./100 ml	A.G.M. ≤1000 S.V. ≤ 2000	None

# Proposed criteria

- S.V.  $\leq$  1000 CFU per 100 ml

*Recommendation of the National Academy of Sciences (Water Quality Criteria 1972) for protection of waterbody beneficial uses other than water contact recreational use.*

- Contact recreation is protected by the existing *E. coli* bacteria standard as the primary standard to protect the waters for swimming and other recreational activities.

# Tightening the belt

- 3 waters (7 NAC's) have an existing fecal coliform standard less stringent than the proposed S.V.  $\leq 1000$  CFU per 100 ml
- With our recent assessment data, 2 of the NAC's (Muddy River at Lake Mead and Virgin River at Lake Mead) would not meet the S.V. of  $\leq 1000$  CFU per 100 ml standard
- DRAFT 2008-10 Integrated Report, the Muddy River at Lake Mead already exceeds the existing and proposed standard

# Waters not changed

- NDEP is not proposing to revise the bacterial criteria for Lake Mead (NAC 445A.2152 and 445A.2154) and Las Vegas Wash (NAC 445A.2156 and 445A.2158)
- The fecal coliform standards on these waters will be reviewed in the next comprehensive water quality assessment and standards review of Lake Mead and Las Vegas Wash

# Petition

- ⦿ 226 standards tables to be changed
- ⦿ Example table illustrates the changes to be made

# Example Table 1

PARAMETER	REQUIREMENTS TO MAINTAIN EXISTING HIGHER QUALITY	WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR BENEFICIAL USES	Beneficial Use <sup>a</sup>										
			Livestock	Irrigation	Aquatic	Contact Noncontac <sup>t</sup>	Municipal	Industrial	Wildlife	Aesthetic	Enhance	Marsh	
Beneficial Uses			X	X	X	X	X	X	X				
Aquatic Life Species of Concern													
Temperature - °C ΔT <sup>b</sup> - °C		S.V. ≤ 20 ΔT = 0			*	X							
pH - SU		S.V. 6.5 - 9.0	X	X	*	*		X		*			
Total Phosphorus (as P) - mg/l		S.V. ≤ 0.025			*	*	X	X					
Dissolved Oxygen - mg/l		S.V. ≥ 6.0	X		*	X	X	X		X			
Total Ammonia (as N) - mg/l		<sup>c</sup>			*			X					
Total Dissolved Solids - mg/l		S.V. ≤ 500 or the 95th percentile (whichever is less).	X	X					*				
E. coli - No./100 ml		A.G.M. ≤ 126 S.V. ≤ 410				*	X						
Fecal Coliform - No./100 ml		≤ 200/400 <sup>d</sup> S.V. ≤ 1000	X	X		*	X	X		X			

\* = The most restrictive beneficial use.

X = Beneficial use.

<sup>a</sup> Refer to [NAC 445A.122](#) and [445A.1252](#) for beneficial use terminology.

<sup>b</sup> Maximum allowable increase in temperature above water temperature at the boundary of an approved mixing zone, but the increase must not cause a violation of the single value standard.

<sup>c</sup> The ambient water quality criteria for ammonia are specified in [NAC 445A.118](#).

<sup>d</sup> Must not exceed a geometric mean of 200 per 100 milliliters based on a minimum of 5 samples during any 30-day period, nor may more than 10 percent of total samples during any 30-day period exceed 400 per 100 milliliters.

# Conclusion

- NDEP-BWQP proposes to update the fecal coliform standard to current EPA criteria to remain consistent across all waters within the state having the *E. coli* standard protecting the contact recreation beneficial use.

# Questions/Comments

Nevada Division of Environmental  
Protection

Bureau of Water Quality Planning -  
Standards

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Petition, Rationale, and Factsheet are at:

<http://ndep.nv.gov/admin/public.htm>